



THURSDAY EVENING, JAN. 31, 1901.

THE CONFEDERATE CAMP AT CHATTANOOGA has requested General Gordon to designate a city in some other State than Tennessee for the next ex-Confederate reunion, if the invitation to ex-Union soldiers to attend it, be not recalled. Something seems to be the matter with some ex-Confederates. They appear to be too much reconstructed. Some of them in Washington oppose the removal of the remains of ex-Confederates from a federal, to a Confederate cemetery, and General Gordon is such a gusher that he invites ex-federal soldiers to be the honored guests at ex-Confederate reunions, where, if there be not a constraint on human nature, there will be danger of unpleasantness.

PRESIDENT MCKINLEY is a member of a Christian Church, in good standing with his fellow members, and yet, that is according to the newspapers of his own party, he has given his consent to the decapitation of four of the most prominent citizens of China, for resisting the invasion of their native land by allied looters, who were, and still are, engaged in slaughtering the men and outraging the women of their country, and all too, though Bishop Potter, whose "loyalty" there is none to dispute, says that as regards justice and morality, the Chinese are right in the war that has been and is being made upon them.

In a justifiable and patriotic war, the soldiers making it are united, and concentrate all their efforts upon their one great object, to defeat the enemy, having neither time nor opportunity to fight any body else; but in a war in which patriotism is not involved, and glory is not to be achieved, and where loot is the only profit, it is entirely different. In such a war they have both time and occasion for doing all they want to do, and, as in the war against China, they have no Chinese to oppose them, they are incessantly fighting each other. As a usual thing, however, allies are not good comrades.

THE MISSIONARIES TO CHINA, who profess to follow the teachings of the religion whose doctrine is peace toward all men, oppose the terms of peace offered to that country, on the ground that those terms are "lacking in severity." There is a great difference between missionaries and true Christians, but it is apparently invisible to some people who, in respect of other things, have exceptionally good eyesight.

TAMMANY rule in New York may be very corrupt, and probably could be improved, but, all the same, the new bonds of that city, just put on the market, were greedily sought for by the moneyed men there and bought at the low interest of 2.92 1/2 per cent., which proves that the purchasers have the utmost confidence in the wisdom and honesty of that rule.

GENERAL KIRCHNER now proposes to send no less than ten thousand Iron prisoners to India. With blood and iron, disease and exile Mr. McKinley's new allies hope to exterminate the people of the South African republic, eventually, if not immediately. England was in favor of giving freedom to the black Africans in this country, but is opposed to the liberty of the white Africans in their own.

FROM WASHINGTON.

[Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.] Washington, January 31.

Representative Corlies, of Michigan, author of the bill providing for the laying of a trans-Pacific cable to Manila, under private ownership, has sent a request, signed by more than 200 members of the House to the Speaker asking that the cable bill be taken up at this session. The California delegation will make personal request to the same effect. Speaker Henderson has intimated that he may allow the matter to come up after all the appropriation bills shall have been disposed of.

Representative Oley, of Virginia, saw the President today in regard to the dentist bill. He told him he was the father and patron of the bill; that he thought he ought to be recognized in the way of recommending a professional man that would come up to the standard as a member of the board to appoint the dentists, but that, although the bill had not yet been passed, the Surgeon General had informed him that he had already selected the three members of that board. He desired to recommend Dr. R. W. Morgan, of Virginia, who is a graduate of the Dental College, of Baltimore, of 1881. He practiced his profession ever since, and was the first man to suggest to him the introduction of the bill.

The following changes in fourth class post-offices in Virginia were made today: Bellevue, Bedford county, B. S. Barnard appointed postmaster, vice Wm. R. Abbott, removed; Bennett's Mill, Montgomery county, Hugh M. Johnson, vice J. M. Martin, resigned; Democrat, Lee county, Chas. J. Robinson, vice John P. Glass, resigned; Driver, Nansemond county, Wade H. Brinkley, vice E. J. Driver, resigned; Early, Carroll county, Ben. E. White, vice J. L. Early, resigned; Wiserville, Chesterfield county, Walter C. Moore, vice M. W. Lybarger, resigned.

The statement that the democratic Senators were to hold a caucus today to determine whether they should filibuster against the ship subsidy bill or content themselves with speaking

against it and then allow it to come to a vote, was characterized as nonsense by Senator Jones, the democratic caucus chairman. "It would be useless to call a caucus," said he, "when it is well known that several democrats have declared their intention to vote for the bill." A conference of the leading opponents of the bill will, however, be held informally. A number of democrats agree with Senator Teller that they should let the bill pass and place the responsibility of the legislation on the republicans. Others believe it ought to be beaten, even if such a course results in an extra session. Senator Money said this morning that he was ready to talk for a week against the bill if necessary.

Senator Aldrich from the committee on finance today reported several amendments to the war revenue bill. The provision that on all original and unbroken factory packages of tobacco and snuff, and cigars, held at the time the reduction of tax shall go into effect, upon which the tax has been paid, there shall be allowed a draw-back rebate of full amount of such discount or reduction of tax. A new section is added authorizing the Secretary of the Treasury to appoint a competent person to conduct such investigations as may be necessary to secure the efficient enforcement of the tax imposed upon legacies and distributive shares upon real property. The existing law relating to that bills of exchange is amended so that bills of exchange (foreign), or letters of credit (including orders by telegraph or otherwise for the payment of money) drawn in but payable out of the United States, if drawn singly or otherwise than in a set of three or more shall pay two cents per \$100. If drawn in sets of two or more, one cent per \$100. Another amendment makes "bucket shops" pay a stamp tax of one cent on each \$100 in value of the merchandise covered, or two cents on each \$100 on the face value of all stocks, bonds or other securities covered, or pretended to be covered, by each and all of such contracts, agreements, trades or transactions. The amendment exempting from taxation bona fide transactions in produce will be reported tomorrow.

Today marked the "innings" at the White House of those opposed to the threatened extra session. Senators and Representatives trod upon one another's heels in their calls to persuade the President that the extraordinary session was not needed and should not be held. Representative Cannon, chairman of the appropriations committee, was one of the most outspoken against the idea. "I wish the President would give me the power in his invested to call an extra session," he said. "If he did you bet it would be a long time before I'd use it." Senator Doolittle, of Iowa, had a long talk with the President. "I did my best to persuade him that the extra session is not needed," said he when he came out. Senator Lodge, Senator Platt, Representative Richardson, Representative Dayton, Senator-elect Barnack, of Tennessee, and a number of lesser legislators all called all on the same mission. The prospect of spending a long hot summer in Washington is not at all pleasing to the members. "The principal reason the members of Congress don't want an extra session is that they would like to be back home," said a member of the President's cabinet this afternoon. "They do not want to take the responsibility. The President has just told me that the members today apparently awoke to the gravity of the situation for the first time and they have been keeping him busy listening to reasons why they should not be called into extraordinary session. Just the same it looks just as much like a foregone case as ever."

Eugene Peters whose lavish expenditures of money has created quite a local sensation was arrested this morning for assaulting his wife and Rev. Thomas C. Easton, a neighbor. He will be held until his sanity can be inquired into. An "ideal monetary system," was outlined to the House committee on banking and currency today by Secretary Gage. Mr. Gage's remarks were based on a bill introduced by Mr. Lovering "to make the currency responsive to the varying needs of business at all seasons and in all sections." The Secretary did not limit himself to a discussion of the bill, which he believed might be the first step in the right direction. He advised the committee to report the bill. The bill he said could not pass at this session, but it would educate the nation as to a direct question of the money question of the measure Mr. Gage replied, "If I was in Congress, I would introduce a substitute." The complete plan of Mr. Gage is to have power to exchange gold for silver, to retire government greenbacks and provide for their substitution by allowing national banks to issue their own currency based on deposits of United States bonds in the Treasury, and further secured by a safety fund to be subscribed to by all banks.

The House committee on invalid pensions heard General Patrick today in favor of the bill to establish a court of pension appeals, and Judge Vandewer of the Interior Department, against it. The committee will probably dispose of the question tomorrow.

Senator Pettus has offered an amendment to the ship subsidy bill to add as a new section the following: "But no more than \$180,000,000 shall ever be paid" under the provisions of this act. Charles B. Rogers, of Pennsylvania, was nominated by the President today to be Consul at Zanzibar.

Representative Dalzell, of Pennsylvania, one of the recognized republican leaders of the House, told a newspaper friend this morning he could rest assured that there would be no extra session of Congress this year.

Representative Oley, of Virginia, who has just returned from his 9th district, of that State, is perfectly satisfied that the contest General Walker is making for his seat in the next Congress will amount to nothing—not even as much as that of the present one, and that even the republicans of that district have already testified and will testify to that effect and do not approve of the contest.

It is currently reported here that some change in the counsel of the Southern Railway for the district of Virginia have already been made and that others will follow.

The purpose of building a monument to Gen. Washington in this city. But a quorum of the committee did not assemble, and the bill referred to was not considered.

Representative Rizer of Virginia went to Annapolis today to attend the court of inquiry now examining the case of young George of Stafford county, Va., the marine whose death there is attributed to gross carelessness if not to criminal neglect.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

The Spanish government has made representations to the Vatican regarding the possible transfer to Spain of the French orders.

The statement is made at Shanghai, that Russia, besides indemnity, will demand the sum of 30,000,000 taels for restoring Manchuria.

Rear Admiral Schley will be relieved of command of the South Atlantic station in the spring, preparatory to his retirement October 9 next.

The horses belonging to the late Marcus Daly were sold at auction in New York yesterday. William C. Whitney purchased Hamburg, the famous son of Hanover, for \$60,000.

The town of Plymouth, N. C., was pretty nearly wiped out by fire Tuesday night. The Bank of Plymouth, the postoffice and the stores of Messrs. Hornthal were destroyed. The loss is \$100,000.

By the purchase of a majority of the general mortgage bonds of the Mobile and Ohio Railroad, the Southern Railway will acquire control of that property, with the co-operation of the holders of the Mobile and Ohio securities.

Representative Allan L. McDermott, of Jersey City, N. J., has been chosen by the board of directors of the Washington Traction and Electric Company of Washington to succeed Mr. Frederick C. Stevens as president of that corporation.

John Marshall Rye, aged 69 years, died yesterday morning at the Maryland penitentiary from the infirmities of old age, after serving nine years of a 15-year-old term for the murder of John J. Wheeler, an aged schoolmaster of Charles county. Rye was convicted in Baltimore on March 11, 1892, of murder in the second degree.

Mrs. Nina Boscheider, at Patterson, N. J., mother of the murdered girl, speaking of the sentence imposed upon the man convicted of the crime, said that she wished they had been sentenced to die. Speaking more particularly of McAllister, she said that if money or influence should secure him a pardon, she would never rest until she had killed him.

VIRGINIA NEWS.

For the second time within a year the business part of Windsor, near Suffolk, was swept by fire early yesterday morning. Loss \$13,000.

Mr. Franklin Stearns, Jr., and Miss Florence Berner Dickinson were married at the residence of the bride's father, in Richmond, yesterday evening.

Miss Patty Taylor, daughter of Col. Walter H. Taylor, of Norfolk, and Dr. A. Duval Atkinson, of Baltimore, were married yesterday in Christ Protestant Episcopal Church, Norfolk.

The operations of incendiaries in Norfolk county and Portsmouth have not become so numerous that the authorities have offered a reward of \$150 for the arrest of the frebugs.

Mrs. Annie L. Gilliam, of Louisa county, near America City, had a thrilling experience a day or two ago. Mrs. Gilliam was at home alone when a burly, ugly negro entered her home and demanded food. Mrs. Gilliam told him she had nothing in the house cooked, when the negro said he would have something to eat before he left. Mrs. Gilliam rushed into another room, procured a pistol and pointed it at the negro, when the latter turned and fled at breakneck speed.

PREPARING FOR THE QUEEN'S FUNERAL.

The procession in London, as indicated by the war office orders, issued yesterday evening, will be a gorgeous military pageant. Detachments of 40 regiments, with an almost equal number of distinctive uniforms, embracing all arms of the service, will make a constantly changing picture. The uniforms of all the great armies of the world will appear, for, in addition to the brilliant entourage of the king, kings and princes, and the visiting military attaches of the embassies and legations.

All the field marshals of the British army will be present, and the naval corps will also take part in the procession, which will be two miles long. The war office directs that Beethoven's and Chopin's funeral marches only shall be played. From the time the coffin reaches London to its departure guns will boom slowly in Hyde Park.

Londoners are just awakening to the full proportions of the obsequies and the result of several days of mourning, which to numerous tradesmen and others means absolute closure, and is causing consternation.

The King of Greece, the Duke of Sparta and the Grand Duke of Baden reached Victoria station at 5 o'clock yesterday evening. They were received by Prince Charles of Denmark and members of the King's household. The visitors proceeded to Marlborough House.

The Spanish battleship Pelayo, Spain's representative at the funeral, is commanded by Captain Diaz Moreu, who was commander of the battleship Colombo, lost in the battle of Santiago.

The United States military attaché, Major Edward B. Caswell, will ride in the procession with headquarters staff. At the privy council meeting yesterday the King signed a proclamation suspending business Saturday throughout the United Kingdom. The closing down will be so complete that even the restaurants and saloons will be shut up for four or five hours in the middle of the day.

Some of the afternoon papers will not be published Saturday.

\$100 REWARD \$100. The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and driving the patient's healing by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address, F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

THE LEGISLATURE.

THE SENATE.

The first discussion of the proposition for a basis of representation in the constitutional convention took place in the Senate yesterday. The subject came up on the Flood and Sands bills, and there was an interesting debate. The former provides for a body of 100 members from each of the House districts. The Sands measure names 80 delegates, two from each State Senatorial district. The debate developed opposition to both of these plans. The Senators from the districts where the recent census shows an increased population insist upon the recognition of the fact in the representation provided for.

The proposition of Senator Wickham to amend the Sands bill so as to provide for two from each State Senatorial district and 20 from the State at large, to be chosen from each of the 10 Congressional districts, seems to be the most popular plan.

Mr. Lupton made an ineffectual effort to amend the Flood bill so as to exclude officeholders from being members of the convention. This proposition evoked decided opposition. It was suggested that such a provision would exclude from the convention Senators Daniel and Martin. "Oh, never mind them," said Mr. Lupton; "they will be too smart to want to come." His reference was evidently to Senator Daniel's remark that the convention would prove to be many a channel-hole to political ambitions. Mr. Wickham declared that it would be the duty of any man called upon by his people to serve them in this convention. None, he insisted, could escape such a grave responsibility.

The Senate passed a bill to provide for the erection of a Confederate monument in Charlotte county.

Mr. Glass introduced a resolution similar to the one published several days ago, declaring that the Senate would not go into any general legislation, or consider any private matters upon which there would be a substantial objection. The resolution was adopted by a vote of 32 yeas to 3 nays.

Bills were introduced for relief of Job Hawhurst; to provide for the altering and vacating certain streets and alleys not lying within the limits of any city or town, and to validate proceedings heretofore had for such purposes.

HOUSE.

The House followed the lead of the Senate of Tuesday, and discharged its committees from the further consideration of the constitutional convention and for the consideration of bills for general discussion, and passed a resolution making the constitutional convention bills a special and continuing order from today until they are passed.

The first practical acknowledgment of the recommendations in the Governor's message was the introduction in the House of a resolution providing for a committee to investigate that part of the recommendations with reference to loose methods of business in county and state offices and report back to the House.

A measure was presented by Mr. W. H. Lewis, of Loudoun, for the purpose of amending the law relating to the election of either branch of the General Assembly to become a candidate for any office to be filled by the legislature. Mr. Lewis declares that he has canvassed the House, and that the bill will become a law if general legislation is taken up. It is generally admitted that men in the legislature secure offices over their outside competitors who do not and no show if they were even terms.

Some discussion was engaged in over a bill offered by Mr. McAllister to amend section 3385 of the code, so as to authorize the signing of bills of exceptions, either in term or in vacation. Mr. Parks offered an amendment making it thirty instead of sixty days. The amendment was adopted and the bill was passed.

The bill allowing the clerks of courts to close their offices on legal holidays, was opposed by Messrs. Newhouse, Ryan, Gent, Saunders, and Price. It was finally dismissed.

Mr. Hume offered (by request) a bill to repeal an act providing for the appointment of special prosecuting attorneys for the county and city of Alexandria.

Among the bills which passed were: To authorize the Richmond, Fredericksburg and Potomac Railroad Company to convey certain land situated in Stafford county to the board of supervisors of Stafford county for a public highway; to amend section 525 of the Code of Virginia in relation to the collection of fees of the Commissioner of the Revenue.

The caucus for the nomination of the Court of Appeals judge will meet again tonight. There are charges that a member of one of the State boards intends to resign his position because to hold it longer would greatly embarrass him in his vote for a judicial candidate. This matter has been the talk in the newspaper offices and in the hotel lobbies of the city.

Friends of Judges Whittle and Mann have redoubled their efforts. The indications are that Whittle will win on the first ballot at tomorrow night's caucus.

The Todd bill, making kidnapping a capital offense, was favorably reported yesterday.

The Senate finance committee, to which was referred the Morris resolution regarding the sale of the State's interest in the Richmond, Fredericksburg and Potomac road, yesterday began the consideration of this subject.

The bond and check deposited as security by the Richmond and Washington Air Line were both examined. It is understood, in the opinion of the committee, its bond is valid and proper and the check perfectly satisfactory.

COURT OF APPEALS.

Virginia Building and Loan Company vs. Glenn et al. Argued and submitted March term.

Offield vs. Davis et al. Continued. Lovell et al. vs. Smith's executor. Passed to March term.

The next cases to be called will be Richmond Ice Company vs. Crystal Ice Company and same vs. same. Nos. 54 and 55.

TO-DAY'S TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

London Crowded for the Great Event.

London, Jan. 31.—The pageant of the Queen's funeral in London on Saturday will be the most impressive ceremony ever seen in England. Both the jubilee processions will be eclipsed by it. Seats along the route, on stands and in windows, are selling at double the prices paid at the time of the jubilee. Standing room in doorways is selling today for two guineas. The buildings along the route are being draped with the royal mourning, combination of black and purple. Violets are widely used for decoration and the flower now commands extraordinary prices. All the hotels are crowded. The royalties and their suites alone fill the best rooms at the exclusive hotels and there is a great demand for accommodations for foreigners of prominence who have come to witness the funeral. The arrangements for the funeral procession are all in the hands of Lord Roberts, who is personally supervising the preparations. The field marshal has issued orders that soldiers and sailors of all branches of the service will take part in the procession. The route will be guarded by 32,000 troops.

Cowes, Jan. 31.—People are arriving here on every boat and the town is crowded to its limits. A score of warships are at anchor in the Solent. Everything is now in readiness for the Queen's funeral, the ceremonies of which will begin at Osborne tomorrow afternoon. The removal of the coffin from the palace to the royal yacht and the maneuvering of the troops who will escort it have been carefully rehearsed. Early this morning the banner of the Queen's company of Grenadier Guards, which will be carried in the procession, was escorted to Osborne by twenty men. A number of minor princes have arrived here today and was driven to Osborne House.

London, Jan. 31.—The wreath ordered for the Queen's funeral by President McKinley, Ambassador Choate and Mrs. James A. Garfield will be sent to Windsor tomorrow. These are the only official tributes from the United States. The President's wreath is eight feet in diameter with a band two feet wide, of arum (Jersey) lilies. The wreath is composed of white lilies, white roses and lilies of the valley. On one side is a great cluster of mauve orchards. A white ribbon contains the inscription: "From the President of the United States" in silver lettering. Mr. Choate's tribute is a cross eight feet in height made of camellias, white lilies, tulips and lilies of the valley. Mrs. Garfield's wreath is composed of arum lilies, with a spray of Neapolitan violets. Robert Green, the London florist, who is preparing these offerings, says that President McKinley's wreath is the finest one he ever saw. It is being made according to the President's own design.

Cowes, Jan. 31.—Warships from the navies of Germany, France, Portugal, and Japan, have arrived at Spithead.

London, Jan. 31.—It is stated that Prince Edward, the eldest son of the Duke of Cornwall and York, will represent his father in the funeral procession on Saturday. Prince Edward is not yet seven years old.

An Unwelcome Guest.

Cowes, Jan. 31.—Members of the royal family are disturbed by the announcement of the Duke of Orleans that he is coming to the funeral despite the fact that he has received no invitation. Orleans has not been in England since he departed from the country after the sensation caused by his letters of congratulation to the author of the Paris paper. King Edward is entertaining a bitter personal dislike for the Duke of Orleans and it is feared that if the latter presents himself at the funeral there will be a scene.

Took Poison for Headache Powder. Boston, Jan. 31.—Theresa Anderson, aged 19, a beautiful girl, was fatally poisoned last evening at her home in Somerville. At the supper table she said she was too ill from a headache to eat, and went from the dining room into the kitchen. On the mantle she saw a paper containing what she thought to be a headache powder, and instead of reading it she swallowed it in powder form. Miss Anderson swallowed the powder and then returned to the dining room. In a few minutes she became unconscious. Emetics were administered, but the girl soon died. The strychnine was the remainder of a quantity which had been used to kill a dog.

Awaiting the Bridegroom.

The Hague, Jan. 31.—The Duke of Mecklenburg-Schwerin will arrive here tonight. Queen Wilhelmina will await him at the palace, which is richly decorated with flowers in honor of the occasion. The Duke has just been appointed a major general in the Dutch army and will come to the capital in that uniform. Many wedding presents are being received by the Queen, not only from royalties, but also from the humblest of her own subjects. The Bible association here has presented the Queen with a richly bound Bible, and the ladies of The Hague have given an embroidered floor cloth.

Theatre Destroyed by Fire.

Paris, Jan. 31.—The theatre Robert Houdin, one of the less important Paris theatres, was destroyed by fire at an early hour today. A snow storm prevailed at the time. The fire got a long start and the roof fell in before the fire department arrived. There were several narrow escapes from death in the building and one woman who was asleep in one of the upper rooms is missing and is believed to have perished. The servants escaped in their night clothes. The theatre is a total loss. It was empty at the time of the fire.

The Duke's Health.

Cowes, Jan. 31.—The condition of the Duke of Cornwall and York is causing considerable anxiety, although it is stated officially that reports saying he has pneumonia are not true. It is the delicate constitution of the Duke which causes the apprehension that would not be felt in the case of another suffering from the same malady. The Duke, it is announced, is suffering from an attack of German measles, which causes much sleeplessness.

If troubled with a weak digestion, belching, sour stomach, or if you feel dull after eating, try Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. Price, 25 cents. Samples free at Richard Gibson's drug store.

The most soothing, healing and antiseptic application ever devised is DuWich's Witch Hazel Salve. It relieves all cuts and bruises, piles, sores, eczema and skin diseases. Beware of imitations.

A Fool-Headed Undertaking.

Atlantic City, N. J., Jan. 31.—Howard Blackburn, of Gloucester, Mass., who has issued a challenge for a race across the Atlantic to a small boat, will have as his competitor a handsome young woman of French descent, Miss Albena Carpenter, of Nashua, N. H. The start, according to the present arrangement, will be made from this city on June 17th. Miss Carpenter has secured as the navigator of her craft, Captain Andrews, who has already made a number of trips across the Atlantic in small boats. Blackburn's vessel will be 25 feet long, while the boat to be used by Miss Carpenter and Captain Andrews is only 12 feet over all. The cockpit which will be the sole place to be occupied by the voyagers, is six feet long and two feet wide. Captain Andrews' boat will be known as the "Dark Secret." The boat to be used by Blackburn is named the "Green Republic." The prize for the winners will be a purse and a silver cup. The finish will be at Lisbon, Portugal.

In Memory of the Queen.

Boston, Jan. 31.—Arrangements are all completed for the elaborate exercises in memory of Queen Victoria, to be held in Boston churches Saturday. Never since Lord Howe evacuated the town in 1776, has there been such a British demonstration as will take place on the forthcoming occasion. One feature on the programme will be a memorial in Appleton Chapel in Harvard College yard.

Services will be held in the church of the Advent and at the Church of St. John the Evangelist. Services are also to be held in two synagogues. In addition to these it was proposed to also secure, if possible, the People's Temple.

Congress General Blunt and his staff, escorted by the officers and fifty members of the British army and navy veterans, will attend the services at Trinity Church, where it is expected most of the invited guests, including the Governor and Mayor, will attend.

Foreign News.

Munich, Jan. 31.—All the theatres in Munich will be closed on Saturday, the day of Queen Victoria's funeral, by order of the Kaiser.

Vienna, Jan. 31.—Ernest Wilson, the American who was arrested at Klagenfurt charged with less majesty, has been released. He was the victim of malicious accusation.

Bloemfontein, Jan. 31.—The commissioner at Broomstadt telegraphs to the military governor here that Andries Vessels, who accompanied the Boer peace committee to General De Wet's camp was shot by order of General De Wet at Klipdrift on January 28.

Limerick, Jan. 31.—Lady Rachel Fitzgerald, a daughter of Lord Dunraven, died at Adare Manor today. She gave birth to a son on January 20.

An Anti-British Demonstration.

Vienna, Jan. 31.—The new Austrian Reichsrath assembled today amid scenes of the greatest disorder. The differences in the new body appear to be even more irreconcilable than they were in the old and factional feeling is bitter. A proposal that a vote of sympathy with Great Britain be passed was made as soon as the regular business of opening had been concluded. The motion was the signal for a frantic anti-British demonstration.

From Havana.

Havana, Jan. 31.—Dispatches from the United States saying that the Americans are about to evacuate Cuba, has almost caused a panic on the stock exchange here.

Havana, Jan. 31.—C. F. W. Neely, who is now in prison here awaiting trial, will institute habeas corpus proceedings and it is said that he can give any amount of evidence demanded. Neely desires immediate trial.

DESTRUCTION OF A ZOO.

The old Cyclorama Building, on Mount Royal avenue, Baltimore, for two years past the home of the Zoo, with over three hundred of its animals was destroyed by fire last night. Nothing but a smoking mass of ruins and a horrible smell of burned flesh remains to tell the terrible story of the conflagration. The fire was attended by wild scenes of excitement, and the knowledge that within the huge circular structure was perishing hundreds of beasts added intense anguish to the situation.

By the greatest fortune, the performance had just concluded for the night, when the fire broke out, and all but two of the audience had walked through the front doors of the building. These, with the attendants, escaped. Besides the human beings, there also came from the structure alive one elephant, two camels and three donkeys. Every other living creature fell a prey to pistol shots, the force of explosives, the stifling smoke or the crackling flames. Every attendant acted in a manner worthy of the highest commendation. Seeing that nothing could save the imprisoned beasts, each selected his favorite for an easier death than could possibly come through fire. "Crack, crack, crack!" went the pistols on every hand. Amid the sound of the crackling flames and the harsher notes of the pistols several of the animals are known to have given up life.

With the first rush of excitement there was some confusion among the beasts, and as if in terror their voices were raised in one prolonged roar. The sounds of the shot seemed to quell them however, this being probably due to their familiarity with the sound at performance time. The fire came on so swiftly, however, that the dense smoke smothered them before they realized their danger, and there was none of the heartrending noises which would have been coincident to the actual roasting to death of the beasts.

The loss is about \$200,000; insurance \$50,000. Shortly after the fire began two huge calcium-light tanks exploded with the tremendous force, almost tearing off the top of the building and spreading the fire through every portion. Explosions of gas followed, also, with tremendous detonations.

During the progress of the fire there was intense excitement among the thousands who congregated in the vicinity.

MARRIED.

At St. Mary's Church, at 8 o'clock on the evening of January 30th, by Rev. H. J. Carter, JOSEPH L. LILLIE, and Miss MARY A. MOORE, both of this city.

DIED.

At the Alexandria Infirmary, on January 30, 1901, SALLIE FAULCON CABELL, daughter of the late Nathaniel Francis and Anna C. Cabell, of Washington, Nelson county, Va. Buried at the Mount Vernon cemetery, on January 31, 1901, at 11:30 a. m., by Rev. F. M. J. Miller, and daughter of Willis L. Williams, deceased.

On Friday, January 25, 1901, at 5 p. m., at the residence of her son-in-law, Mr. Frank Gilpin, Colorado Springs, Colo., RACHEL WILLIAMS, wife of John A. Will, of Mr. Wm. S. Greene, 317 North Washington street, at 11:30 a. m., by Rev. F. M. J. Miller, and daughter of Willis L. Williams, deceased.

FIFTY-SIXTH CONGRESS.

Washington, January 31.

SENATE.

Mr. Morgan, from the committee on inter oceanic canal, reported a resolution reported by the national board of trade favoring immediate construction of the Nicaraguan canal.